abbot-

the head of a monastery

abdicate-

to give up power (usually royal power)

absolutism-

the political theory that power should be held by a single authority (one leader or one group)

Acid rain

rain that carries pollution-especially acid (see the Earth Science definition)

the Acropolis-

a complex of buildings in the center of Athens- field for the people







the Age of Enlightenment-

having to do with learning- age of reason- 18 century

imperialism-

More powerful countries take over less powerful countries

alloysmixed metals

Alluvial Soil

silt washed down by running water

ancestor worship-

praying to one's ancestors and believing that they have power, because they are still part of the community

assimilation

to be absorbed by another culture

autonomy—

home rule; self rule

Autocratic

Having unlimited power (autocrat —dictator with unlimited power)

Balance of Power

in international politics, no one nation has all the power

baptism—

Christian rite, in which water is poured or dripped on a person (or in which a person is put into a body of water) to symbolize being reborn as a new person

barter—

direct exchange of goods and services, without money (barter economy—an economy with barter instead of money)

biodiversity—

millions of plant/animal species in balance in their environment

bureaucracy—

a corps of administrators, clerks, and other officials who carry out laws, policies, and programs of a government or business

Caliph

leader who is Muhammed's successor as leader of Islam (also *calif*, *khalifa*)

capital—

sums of money, economic assets measured as money

Absorption

Passing of a substance through a surface

Aerobic bacteria

Bacteria that need oxygen to live

Anaerobic bacteria

Bacteria that do not need oxygen to live