#### **Kindergarten Math**

**Overview:** The objective of the Kindergarten Math Program is to embed Math concepts through out the school day with meaningful and relevant experiences. This program should be a developmentally appropriate, multisensory approach that uses manipulatives and hands-on activities to meet the NYS Math Standards. Problem solving will be integrated through out each of the following units:

Numbers and Numeration Operations with Whole Numbers and Integers Fractions and Decimals Probability and Statistics Geometry and Measurement Problem Solving

#### 1. Numbers and Numeration

\*When teaching this unit the numerals will be introduced in this order:

- 0-5
- 6-10
- 11-19
- 20-31
- a. One to one correspondence
- b. Identify, make and count groups (sets)
- c. Recognize and match numerals to groups of objects
- d. Written formation of numerals 0-12
- e. Ordinal numbers (First, second, etc.)
- f. Compare groups of objects (more, less, same...)
- g. Rote counting by 1's and 10's to 100
- h. Begin to recognize number sequences using terms such as "before, after, between"

(I.e. \_\_\_\_, 3, 4, \_\_\_\_)

## 2. Operations with Whole Numbers and Integers

- a. Use manipulatives to join groups of objects to 10
- b. Use manipulatives to separate groups of objects from 10
- c. Draw pictures and use manipulatives to represent problems
- d. Introduce symbols: +, -, =
- e. Write an addition/subtraction sentence and match to manipulatives

#### 3. Fractions and Decimals

- a. Part vs. Whole Half equals a "fair share"
- b. Sharing of sets such as cookies or crayons as objects

# 4. **Probability and Statistics**

- a. Classification/Sorting
  - 1. Same and Different
  - 2. Sort by Color, shape and size
  - 3. Identify additional attributes of objects (i.e. Number of holes, smooth, etc.)
  - 4. Record data using graphs, diagrams, tables
  - 5. Interpret graphs, tables and diagrams
- b. Patterning

- 2. Copy patterns with 2 or 3 elements
- 3. Extend patterns with 2 or 3 elements
- 4. Create own pattern using 2 or 3 elements
- 5. Describe identical patterns- Show them in different modes

## 5. Geometry and Measurement

- a. Geometry
  - 1. Identify then name the 6 shapes: circle, rectangle, square, triangle, rectangle,

Oval, diamond and identify their attributes

- b. Measurement
  - 1. Compare objects by using linear terms (i.e. taller, wider, longer, shortest...)
  - 2. Estimate then measure objects using nonstandard units (i.e. cubes, paper clips)
  - 3. Compare capacities of different containers with rice, sand, water, etc.
  - 4. Estimate then measure the capacity of a container using nonstandard units (candy, cubes, balls, etc.)
  - 5. Compare weights of different objects using nonstandard units (heavier, Lighter, more, less, etc.)
  - 6. Estimate then measure weights of objects using nonstandard units
  - 7. Introduce standard English units of measurement i.e. inches
- c. Time and Money

- 1. Compare duration of time (longer, less time)
- 2. Tell time to the hour using analog and digital clocks
- 3. Write time
- 4. Calendar today, tomorrow, yesterday; days of week, months, give date
- 5. Sequence events
- 6. Identify and name penny, nickel, dime
- 7. Value of penny, nickel, dime
- 8. Identify which item costs more/less

### 6. Problem Solving

- a. Positions
  - 1. Top, middle, bottom
  - 2. Above (over), below (under)
  - 3. Inside, outside
  - 4. Before, after, between (in the middle)
  - 5. Left, right
- b. Mathematical Reasoning
  - 1. Develop number concepts through sorting and classifying
  - 2. Integrate comparison of sets and counting with other activities (real life Situations)
  - 3. Relate counting to repeated patterns
  - 4. Draw pictures and use manipulatives to represent problems