## Key Terms Review # 1

## America's first form of government was the Articles of Confederation

The Articles of
Confederation was too weak
& was replaced by the
Constitution

## Why was the Bill of Rights originally added to the Constitution?

To ease the Anti-federalists concerns about the power of the Federal government by guaranteeing personal freedoms.

### What was the period after the Civil War (1865 to 1877) called?

#### Reconstruction

During Reconstruction the Northern troops remained in the South enforcing the new amendments.

**Cabinet** 

advisors to the president

Lobbyists

Hired to influence how Congress votes on laws

Political parties

Major parties today are the Democrats and Republicans

Judicial Review

Supreme Court can declare a law Unconstitutional

**Committee System** 

Congress is divided into groups based on topics

#### What term means antiforeigner feeling?

#### nativism

## What compromise established two houses of Congress? Great Compromise

Which part of Congress has always been directly elected?

House of Representatives

### The physical count of the people in each state taken every ten years

census

Years that end in 0 such as 2000 and 2010 (to determine the number of reps each state has in the House of Representatives)

### What term means two houses of Congress?

bicameral

Which part of Congress has members directly elected because of the 17<sup>th</sup> Amendment?

Senate

## These articles were written to gain support for the Constitution? Federalist Papers

Hamilton, Jay and Madison wrote the Federalist Papers to explain why the Constitution was a better and safe form of government (not too powerful).

What term means Congress can stretch the meaning of the Constitution to meet changing needs of society?

Elastic Clause

Monopolies were business that tried to eliminate <u>competition</u> to increase their profits.

Monopolies were also called pools and trusts

### Breaking up monopolies is called?

trustbusting

The most famous trustbusting legislation was the Sherman Anti-trust legislation.

## Term that meant territories could vote for themselves if they wanted to be free or slave

**Popular Sovereignty** 

Slaves states that did not leave the Union during the Civil War were called border states (such as Missouri, Maryland, Kentucky and Delaware

## The Dawes Act was an attempt to "Americanize" the Native Americans.

The Dawes Act was an attempt to "Americanize" the Native Americans.

What term means blending in or accepting new culture?

assimilate or assimilation

# What act was passed by the first Congress and allowed new states to enter the country?

**Northwest Ordinance** 

# This was a feeling or attitude Americans had that we should control the entire continent from coast to coast...

**Manifest Destiny** 

As part of Manifest Destiny being fulfilled, Congress passed the Homestead\_Act that encouraged people to move west by giving them free land.

# This term means the states and national governments share power (both operate and have their own authority)?

#### **Federalism**

### These are powers given to the national government in the Constitution – such as treaties.

**Delegated powers** 

### These are powers given to the state governments because they are NOT listed in the Constitution. Reserved powers

Such as marriages licenses

### During the Civil War, Pres. Lincoln was criticized for suspending ?????????? and putting some people in jail without a trial

(this can be done during a rebellion of national emergency).

### During the Civil War, Pres. Lincoln was criticized for suspending habeas corpus and putting some people in jail without a trial

(this can be done during a rebellion of national emergency).

## At the beginning of the Civil War, Pres. Lincoln stated his goal was to...

- a. free all the slaves.
- b. free some of the slaves
  - c. "preserve the Union"

## At the beginning of the Civil War, Pres. Lincoln stated his goal was to...

c. "preserve the Union"

# In the United States our economic system is called ????????? and is based on supply and demand.

In the United States our economic system is called capitalism and is based on supply and demand.

Also called free market or free enterprise

#### The End